



Integrated Water Resources Management NARBO 8th IWRM Training

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Integrated Water Resource Management

Definition by the Global Water Partnership as (GWP 2000)

'A process which promotes the coordinated development and the management of water, land and related resources, in order to maximize the resultant economic and social welfare in an equitable manner without compromising the sustainability of vital ecosystems'

Reference: TAC Background Paper No. 4: IWRM, Global Water Partnership, 2000.

Overview of IWRM history

in the international Community				
1930s	Initially integrated approach took place ex) Tennessee Valley Authority in USA			
1940s	Evolve many forms of integration methods by UN and other int'l Org			
1970s	A rise in the global awareness of water			

International Conference on Water and the Environment at Dublin, Ireland

Agenda 21 in the UN Conference on Environment and Development in Rio, Brazil

"Countries to develop IWRM and Water Efficiency Plans by 2005, with support to developing countries"

Dublin Principles: Gov. must also assess their capacity... to implement activities for IWRM

Johannesburg Plan of Implementation (World summit on Sustainable Development)

NARBO was established and 1st IWRM training was implemented

UNSGAB(UN Secretary-General's Advisory Board on Water & Sanitation) Hashimoto Action Plan

"IWRM is a flexible tool for addressing water challenges and optimizing water's contribution to SD"

Launching of the IWRM guidelines by UNESCO IHP(International Hydrological Programme)

CSD 16: UN-Water Report Road Mapping for Advanced IWRM by UN-Water/ GWP

Decision to accelerate preparation of national IWRM Plans

CSD(UN Commission on Sustainable Development) 13:

1992

2002

2004

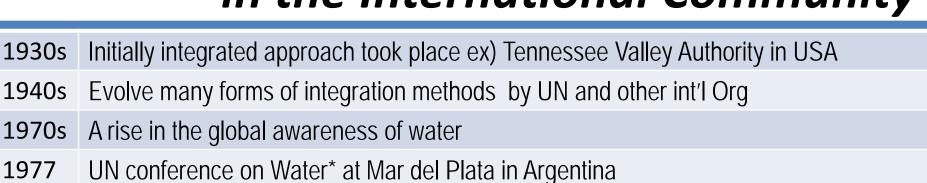
2005

2006

2008

2009

UN conference on Water* at Mar del Plata in Argentina 1977 *First international gathering to have major impact on water



Planning and Implementation of IWRM

Based on the concept of Dublin principles, the target to 'develop integrated water resources management (IWRM) and water efficiency plans by 2005, through actions at all levels' was agreed through the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation (JPOI) in 2002 with support to developing countries.

Progress in 2008 toward 'IWRM Target' (IWRM planning)*

Implementation of IWRM Plans



- ■Good progress
- Some progress
- ■Limited or No

IWRM implementation in Basin, Sub-basins and Aquifers State of the art review IHP-VI(2007-08)

1. Guidelines for development of institutions for IWRM implementation at BSA level should be developed.

Institutional arrangement to facilitate IWRM approach at BSA level are missing.

- 2. Tools for IWRM should be documented with respect to the existing and emerging capacity for BSA, in particular for carrying out multi-disciplinary process in IWRM
- 3. Broader recognition that the 'Integrated' approach is feasible and beneficial should be strengthened.

Preparing guidelines for operational implementation of IWRM, and a series of examples to illustrate the implementation of IWRM at basin level are recommended.

4. Case histories should be adequately documented, collected and disseminated.

Follow up of the review



Improve IWRM at all levels and Support

through CB* and tech-transfer

*Capacity Building

Report of the United Nations

Rio +20 United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development 20-22 June 2012

The future we want

V. Framework for action and follow-up

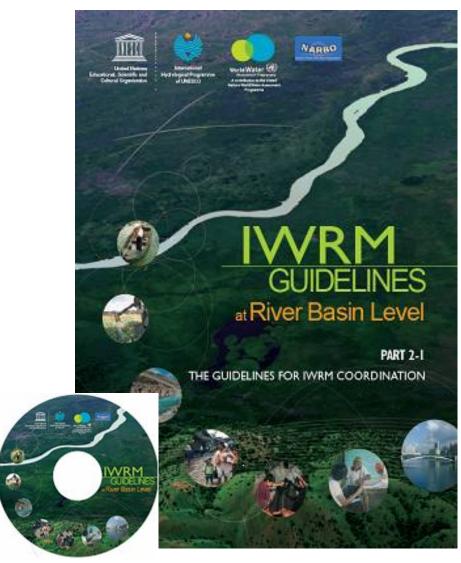
A. Thematic areas and cross-sectoral issues Water and Sanitation



We commit to.... and to significantly improve the implementation of integrated water resource management at all levels as appropriate. In this regard, we reiterate the commitments to support these efforts, in particular for developing countries, through the mobilization of resources from all sources, capacity-building and technology transfer.

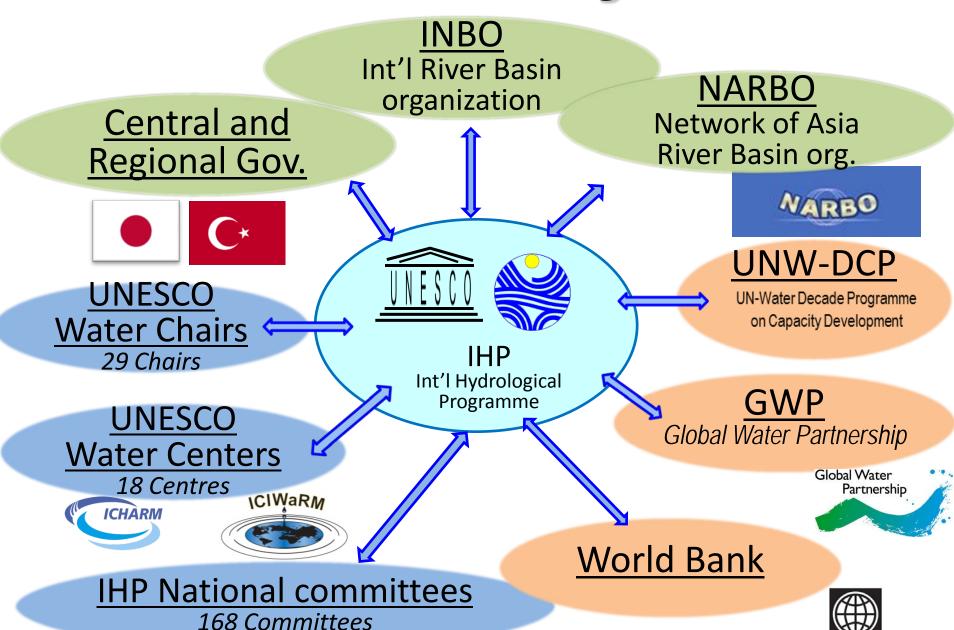
IWRM Guidelines at River Basin Level Initiative





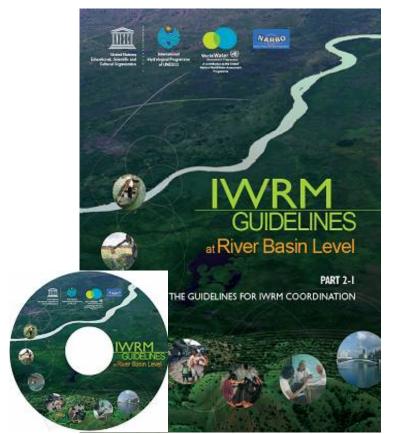
WORLD BANK

IWRM Initiative Partner organization



Launching of IWRM Guidelines at River Basin Level (2009) 5th World Water Forum on March 16th, 2009 in Istanbul

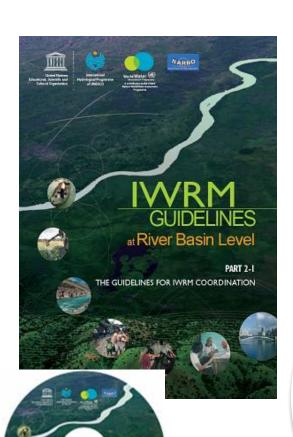






The Guidelines were handed over to HIH the Crown Prince of Japan from Mr. Matsuura, Director General of UNESCO

Structure of IWRM Guidelines Modality of the Guidelines



Inclusive Partnership

Practitioners, Int.
Org, Governments,
Donors etc.

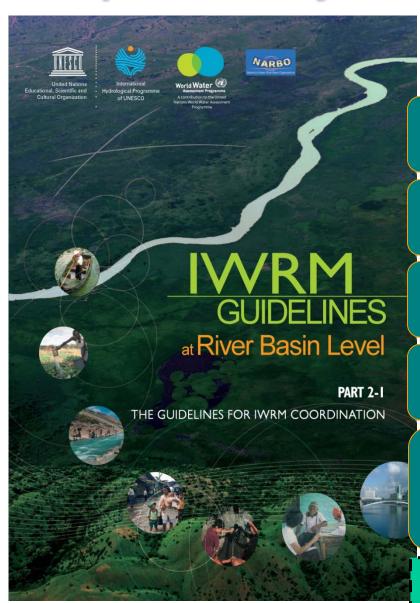
Knowledge integration

Collected and disseminated comprehensive sources

Interaction with users

Early interaction with guidelines users for practical value

Components of the Guidelines



Part 1 Principles

Part 2-1 The Guidelines for IWRM Coordination

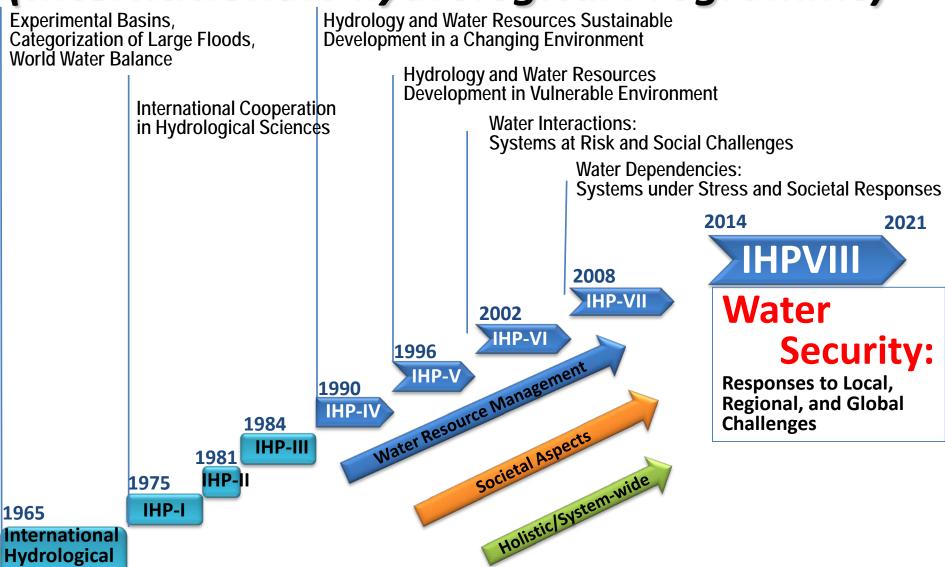
Part 2-2 The Guidelines for Flood Management

Part 2-3 Invitation to IWRM for Irrigation Practitioners

Part 2-4 The guidelines for Managing Environmental Sustainability

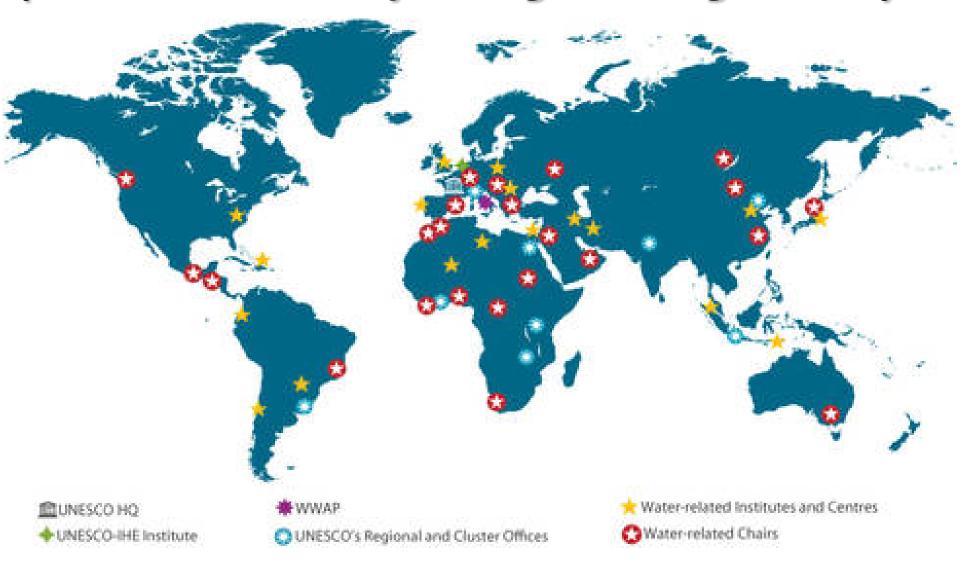
New Volume on Adaptation to Climate Change

Historyof IHP (Internationaly hydrologicai Programme)



Hydrological Decade (IHD)

Historyof IHP (Internationaly hydrologicai Programme)





WATER SECURITY

is defined as the capacity of a population to safeguard access to adequate quantities of water of acceptable quality for sustaining human and ecosystem health on a watershed basis, and to ensure efficient protection of life and property against water related hazards -- floods, landslides, land subsidence,) and droughts.

IHP- VIII 2014-2021

Axis 1

Mobilizing International cooperation to Improve knowledge and innovation to address water security challenges



Developing institutional and human capacities for water security and sustainability



Water Related Disasters and Hydrological Changes



Groundwater in a Changing Environment



Addressing Water Scarcity and Quality



Water and Human Settlements of the Future



Ecohydrolog yEngineerin g Harmony for a Sustainable World



Education, Key to Water Security

Water Security, Addressing Local, Regional and Global Challenges

Axis 2

Strengthening the Science-Policy interface to reach water security at local, national, regional, and global levels

Water Security: Responses to local, regional, and global challenges

		, ,	,		
Water-related Disasters and Hydrological Change	Groundwater in a Changing Environment	Addressing Water Scarcity and Quality	Water and Human Settlements of the Future	Ecohydrology, Engineering Harmony for a Sustainable World	Water Education, Key for Water Security
 Risk Management as adaptation to global changes Un derstanding coupled human and natural processes Ben efiting from global and local Earth observation systems Addressing uncertainty and improving its communication Improve scientific basis for hydrology and water sciences for preparation and response to extreme events 	 Enhancing sustainable groundwater resources management Addressing strategies for management of aquifers recharge Adapting to the impacts of climate change on aquifer systems Promoting groundwater quality protection Promoting management of transboundary aquifers 	1. Improving governance, planning, management, allocation, and efficient use of water resources 2. Dealing with present water scarcity and developing foresight to prevent undesirable trends 3. Promoting tools for stakeholders in volvement and awareness, and conflict resolution 4. Addressing water quality and pollution issues within an IWRM framework — improving legal, policy, institutional, and human capacity 5. Promoting innovative tools for safety of water supplies and controlling pollution	 Game changing approaches and technologies System wide changes for integrated management approaches In stitution and leadership for beneficiation and integration Opportunities in emerging cities in developing countries Integrated development in rural human settlement 	 Hydrological dimension of a catch ment – identiification of potential threats and opportunities for a sustainable development Shaping of the catchment ecological structure for ecosystem potential enhancement – biological productivity and biodiversity Ecohydrology system solution and ecological engineering for the enhancement of water and ecosystem resilience and ecosystem services Urban ecohydrology – stormwater purification and retention in the city landscape, potential for improvement of health and quality of life Ecohydrological regulation for sustaining and restoring continental to coastal connectivity and ecosystem functioning 	 Enhancing tertiarywater education and professional capabilities in the water sector Addressing vocational education and training of water technicians Water education for children and youth Promoting awareness of water is suesthrough informal water education Education for transboundary water cooperation and governance

Integrated Water
Ressource Management

Transboundary or Shared Waters

Human Dimension

Governance

Global Change

IWRM Activities by UNESCO

2012.1 Training Workshop in Nairobi Kenya

"Workshop on Earth Observations and Capacity Development for Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) at River Basins in Africa" from 12 to 16 January 2012





Participants: 70

Country: 24

River Basin: 8

2012.5 Training in Kaduna Nigeria

Trained in Africa for the development of modular courses for applying IWRM training programme in university education system.

Participants: 100

Country: 8

17

IWRM Activities by UNESCO

2012.5 Training Workshop in Namibia

"IWRM training workshop with a focus on flood management and planning" was held for the post flood assistance from 7 to 10 May in close collaboration with the government of Namibia. The workshop aimed at providing targeted training in flood modelling, flood plain mapping and developing a road map for integrated disaster management.

Participants: 50

2012.10 IWRM Training workshop in Sri Lanka

IWRM training course organized by NARBO was held from 2 to 9 November 2012 at MAS Fabric Park in Sri Lanka.

It expects to study and enhance knowledge about IWRM through other river basins experiences. The total eight day



Future Activities on IWRM guidelines

2013.5 Capacity Building for the IWRM Process at the 2nd Asia-Pacific Water Summit in Chiang Mai, Thailand

NARBO and UNESCO co-coordinated the Thematic workshop at APWS in Chiang Mai, Thailand 17 May 2013 on the Capacity building for IWRM process. Based on the discussions, NARBO intended to contribute to enhancing capacity building for all levels by offering it experiences in Asia-Pacific Region with other network including UNESCO.



Future Activ	rities within the frame work of IHP-VIII
2013.12	Workshop on IWRM Guidelines for IFM
	in Faisalabad, Pakistan
2014	Development of educational Material on IWRM guidelines
	in cooperation with NARBO
<i>2014</i> ~	IWRM project in Asia region lead by UNESCO Jakarta office
2014~	New Volume of IWRM guidelines on Climate Change



Thank you for your attention

Further information: k.yoshida@unesco.org